

#### Mathe CALL tics

Mathematics are part of our everyday life.

Numbers and figures are all around us. I am interested and involved in the GAA. I play for Newry Shamrocks and I am a Down

Supporter . I would like to show how numbers are important on the pitch and off the pitch. There are a few basic facts on how mathematics are central in the rules.

#### **Match Time**

A juvenile game is 50 minutes and a senior game is [club] 60 minutes and [inter county] 70 minutes. There is also additional time



which is about 2-5 minutes.

# **Player Lineout**

Numbers on players: The numbers reflect what position you are playing in the field. The goalkeeper [1] to the corner forward [15].

- Nos 1,3,5,7,9,11,13,15 are odd numbers
- Nos 2,4,6,8,10,12,14 are even number
- Nos2,3,5,7,11.13 are prime numbers
- Nos1,4,9 are square numbers



#### **Stadiums**

Our National Stadium is Croke Park in Dublin, approximately 70 miles from Newry.



It is the 3<sup>rd</sup> largest stadium in Europe.

It has been used to host GAA games from 1884. (over 132 years old)

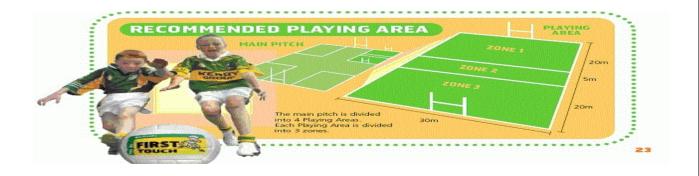
The stadium has a capacity for safety issues. Croke Park has the biggest capacity with 82,300. Pairc Esler has a 20,000 capacity.

- There are 2,610 GAA clubs in the World [2015].
- There are 2319 GAA clubs in Ireland [2015].
- There are 50 GAA clubs in Down.

## What is the shape of a GAA pitch?

The shape of a GAA pitch is a rectangle. The perimeter of Croke Park measures 144 by 86 metres which exceeds soccer and rugby pitches. Pairc Esler measures 138 by 81 metres.

- The ball is a sphere
- There are 2 squares and a semi-circle at the goal mouth area.
- There are 5 horizontal lines which divide the pitch into  $5 \times 1/5 = 1$  whole pitch.
- There are 2 goal posts. Each has 2 vertical poles and 1 horizontal crossbar.



# The All Ireland Championship

The Championship is divided into 4 provinces.

- Connacht: Mayo, Galway,
   Rosscommon, Sligo, Leitrim, (London and New York) also compete = 7 County teams
- 2. Leinster: Dublin, Kildare, Westmeath, Meath, Wexford, Wicklow, Offaly, Longford, Laois, Louth, Carlow, (Kilkenny are in Leinster but don't compete in football) = 11 County Teams.
- 3. Munster: Kerry, Cork, Clare, Tipperary, Limerick and Waterford = 6 County teams.
- Ulster: Tyrone, Donegal, Monaghan,
   Down, Armagh, Fermanagh, Antrim,
   Cavan, Derry = 9 County teams



# The GAA scoring system

In Gaelic football and hurling there are two types of score a goal and a point. If you hit the ball over the bar and between the posts it counts as 1 point. If you hit the ball under the bar and into the net it counts a 3 points.

In the 2015 All- Ireland hurling final the score was Kilkenny 1-22 [25] to Galway 1-18 [21]. In the All- Ireland football final the score was Kerry 0-09 [9] to Dublin 0-12[12].

POS	TEAM	P	w	L	D	F	A	POINT
1	DUBLIN	4	4	0	0	81	48	8
2	TYRONE	4	3	1	0	53	51	6
3	KILDARE	4	3	1	0	63	66	6
4	DONEGAL	4	2	2	0	55	49	4
5	CORK	4	2	2	0	62	65	4
6	DOWN	4	1	3	0	51	58	2
7	MAYO	4	1	3	0	56	57	2
8	KERRY	4	0	4	0	31	58	0

### Conclusion

I have tried to show how central maths is in the GAA. When I'm outside and my Mummy says: "You're playing too much football". I

will reply: "I'm doing matheGAAtics!!!!!"



The End

By Terry Rafferty